New "Shibaura Machine" Long-term Vision 2030

- Becoming a corporate group which responds to megatrends in global manufacturing industry with innovative technology

Toshiba Machine Co., Ltd.

March 5, 2020

New "Shibaura Machine" Long-term Vision 2030 (Outline)

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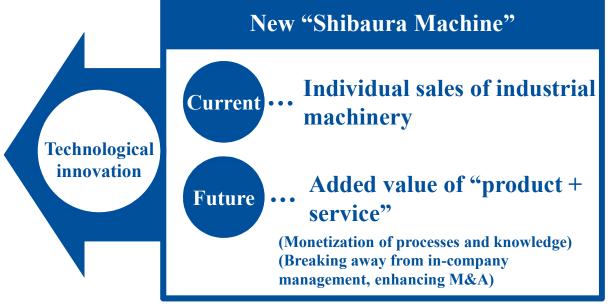
Management Reform Plan toward the new "Shibaura Machine"

"Long-term Vision 2030" (Our Ideals)

FY2019 FY2023 FY2030

Achieve both the resolving of social issues and the enhancing of corporate value through responding to megatrends facing the global manufacturing industry with outstanding technological innovations

Climate change and resource scarcity Changes in population structures Advancements in technology



Long-term Vision 2030 (New Shibaura Machine's Mission)

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(0	Megatrends Challenges facing manufacturing industry)					e's te ondin		U	
Climate change and	1) Realizing GHG-reduced products, technologies, and materials	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H
resource scarcity	2) Realizing resource-saving/energy-saving technologies	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H
	3) Improving efficiency of and spreading energy creation CASE	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H
	4) Improving performance of and spreading energy storage devices CASE	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H
Rapid urbanization	1) Realizing robots that can symbiotically coexist with humans	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H
and changes in population structures	2) Realizing autonomous production lines	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H
	3) Upgrading and spreading water purification technologies	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H
	4) Upgrading and spreading sterilization technologies	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н
Advancements in technology	1) Realizing new materials that provide novel functions CASE	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H
	2) Spreading next-generation communications (5G/6G)	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	\mathbf{H}
Ä	3) Upgrading and evolving weight-saving technologies CASE	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H
	4) Upgrading and spreading intelligent devices CASE	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H

Toshiba Machine's technological platforms

- A) Artisan processing/assembly/measurement technologies that can realize advanced accuracy
- B) Design technologies for processing and molding machines that can respond to diverse application fields
- C) Integrative customized technologies
- D) Material technologies that fully utilize machine performance

- E) Control/mechatronic/IoT technologies optimized for each machine group
- F) Sliding/rotating that supports high precision
- G) Forming technologies for molds based on an understanding of the material
- H) Nano-processing technologies that utilize heat, light, and vacuums

Positioning of the Management Reform Plan toward the Long-term Vision

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Management Reform Plan toward the new "Shibaura Machine"

"Long-term Vision 2030" (Our Ideals)

FY2019



FY2023

Management Reform Plan

[Target values (~FY2023)]

• Consolidated sales:

135 billion yen

- Operating profit ratio: 8.0%
- ROE: 8.5%
- Growth investments:

30 billion yen

- Total dividends: 15 billion yen
- Payout ratio: prospect of 40% (during the period of the Management Reform Plan)

FY2030

- Rebirth to a profitable company (ensure ROE over 10%)
- Revise and enhance capital and financial strategies
- Centralized management of management resources (human resources/technologies)
- Breaking away from in-company management (M&A, alliances, industry-academia collaborations)

<Corporate governance measures to ensure execution abilities>

[Consultation matters with Nomination Advisory Committee]

- CEO succession planning (formulation of development plans for executives and next-generation successors)
- Ensuring Board of Directors' skill sets and human resources (especially securing human resources for financial and M&A strategies)
- · Considering appointment of an independent outside director as chair

[Consultation matters with Remuneration Advisory Committee]

- Reviewing performance-linked compensation for officers (linked with Management Reform Plan)
- · Considering introduction of stock compensation for officers
- · Considering appointment of an independent outside director as chair

[Holding of regular meetings consisting solely of independent outside directors]

- · Confirming Management Reform Plan progress
- Enhancing management of business risks (such as enhancing management of market risk in the machine tools industry)

Four Directions of the "Long-term Vision 2030"

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✓ Business portfolio strategy (clarification of focus areas and reduction/withdrawal areas)

✓ Improve profitability and expand profit opportunities through new "product + service" business

✓ Expand overseas sales

✓ Human resource strategy that supports technological platforms

Overall Policy

Selling of products



Selling of products + services

Company that responds to challenges such as customer production planning, improvement of asset efficiency, and environmental responses

Company-specific Policies

Commodity machines

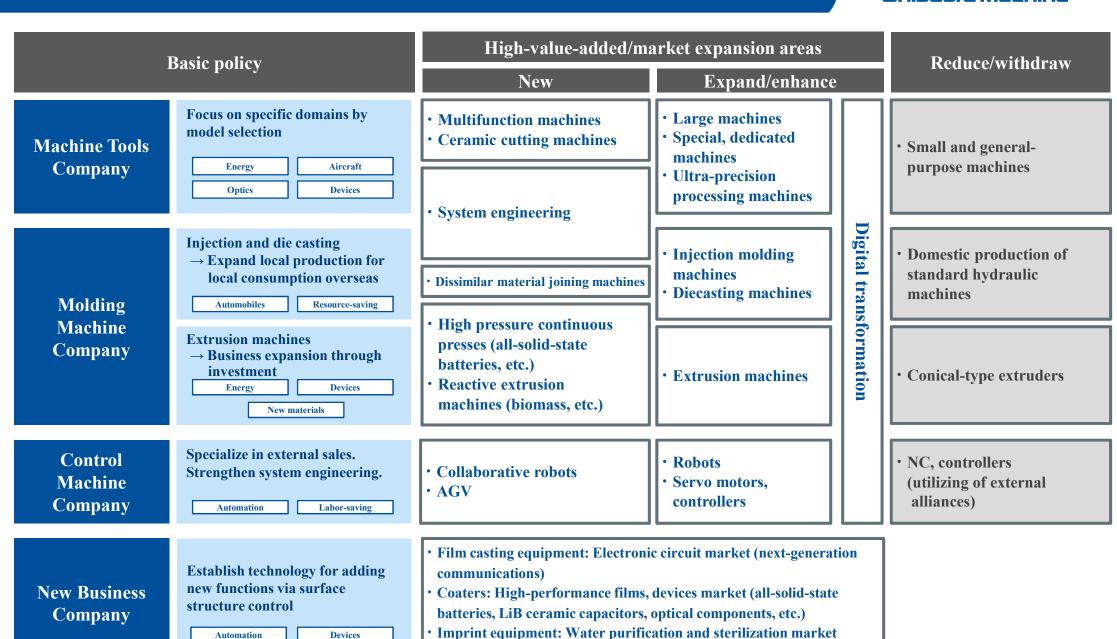


High-value-added machines

- ✓ Adding of value through a digital transformation of selected models
- ✓ Active investment in growth markets and high-value-added domains

Business Portfolio Strategy (2) Company-specific Policies

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(Deep-UV LEDs)

Business Portfolio Strategy (3) Expansion of Existing Business

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Contribute to reducing greenhouse gases

Power generation and storage

High pressure continuous press machines

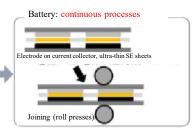
Enhanced productivity through continuous processes

Coating, bonding:

continuous processes

Electrode film coating (die coating)

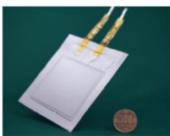
Densification (roll presses)



SE: Solid Electrolytes

Rechargeable batteries

All-solid-state batteries



New materials

Reactive extruders

Creation of new materials via continuous reaction of naturally occurring raw materials



Biomass

Wood plastics



Resource-saving

Injection molding machines Die casting machines

Realization of lightweight and highstrength parts



LFORMER (Toshiba Machine)

Weight saving and recycling



(Image)

Source: FY2018 NEDO Advanced Battery and Hydrogen Technology Department Results Report Meeting (B01-03) LIBTEC Materials

Business Portfolio Strategy (4) Creating New Businesses

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Basic Technology Possession

Realizing the adding of new functions via surface structure control

Electronic circuits

Film casting equipment

Function improvement via adding dissimilar materials to surfaces



Next-generation communications

Laminated wiring boards



Source: Website of Shin-Asahi Electric Ind. Co., Ltd.

High-performance films Electronic devices

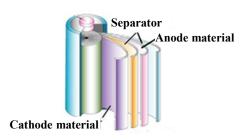
Coating machines

Function improvement via coating dissimilar materials to surfaces



LiB/all-solid-state batteries/ ceramic capacitors

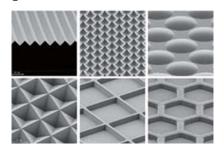
High-performance separator film



Healthcare

Imprint equipment

Function improvement via adding fine shapes to surfaces



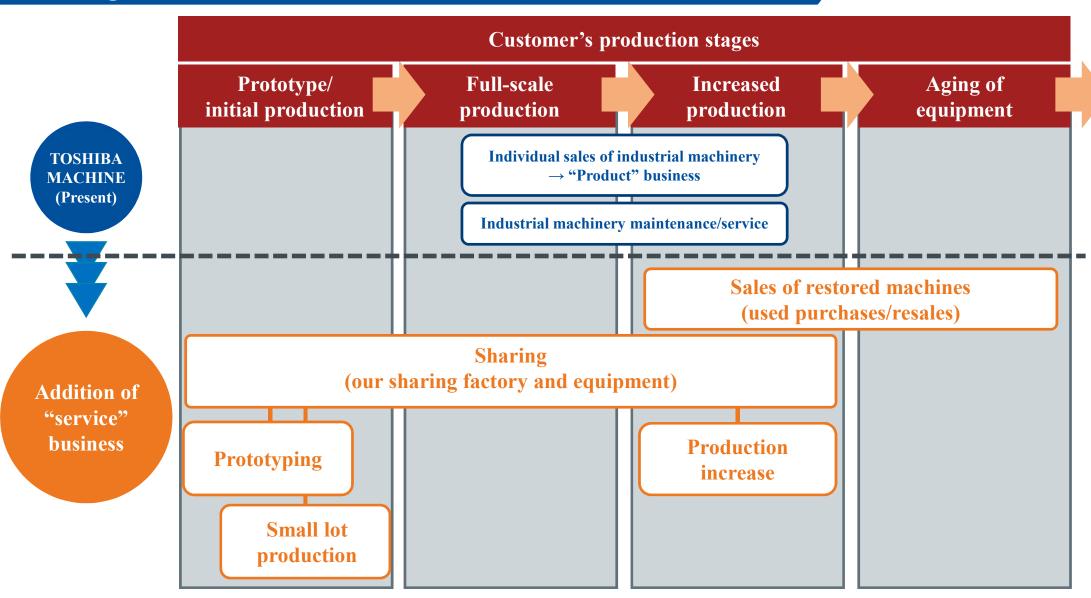
Water purification/ sterilization

Deep-UV LEDs



Improve Profitability and Expand Profit Opportunities through New "Product + Service" Business

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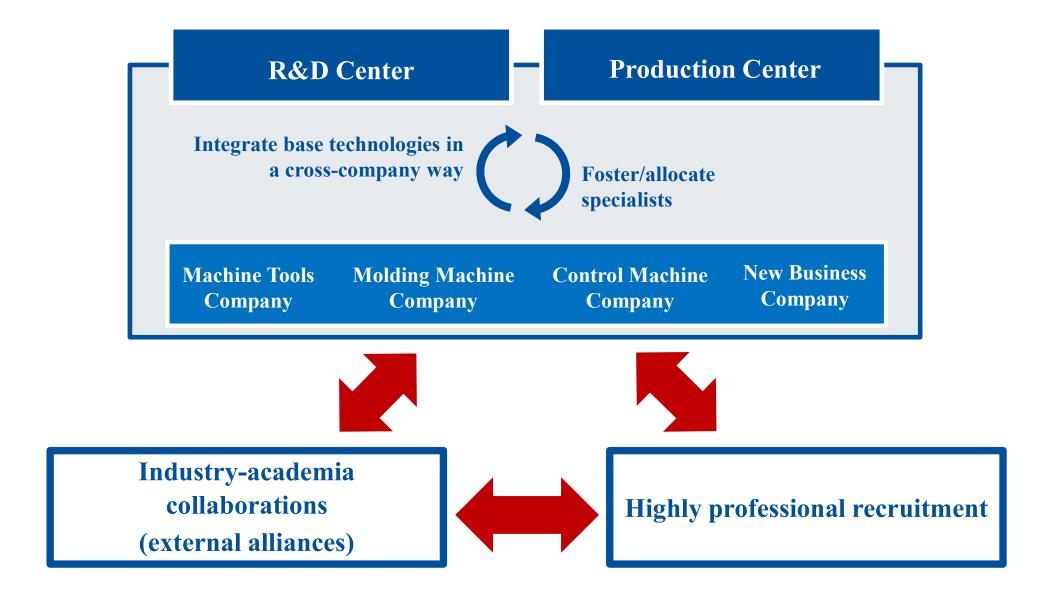
- ✓ Provide services in all of our customers' production stages
- ✓ Participate in and expand profit opportunities from start to finish of production stages

Expand Overseas Sales

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- ✓ Overseas sales ratio of machine tools is less than 30%, remaining low compared to around 60% for industry peers.
- ✓ We aim to <u>increase overseas sales ratio</u> under the "Long-term Vision"
 - → The Machine Tools Company (machine tools/high precision processing machines) will avoid generalpurpose machines and focus on areas in which we can demonstrate our competitive advantage, such as large and high precision processing machines





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Supplementary Material 1:

Q&A Based on Dialogue with Institutional Investors

- Status of "Management Reform Plan" Initiatives

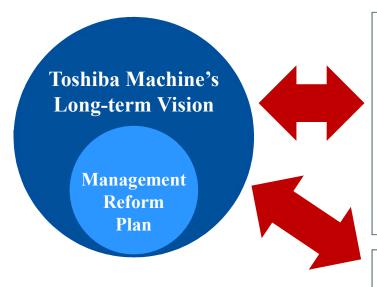
Results of Engagement with Institutional Investors

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Question	Answer	Material
Could you explain the effectiveness of the Management Reform Plan more specifically?	 Structural reforms (personnel reduction/reallocation) are progressing smoothly. The plan has started under the heads of core departments—such as each Company, the R&D Center, and the Production Division—and, recently, we have invited human resources with M&A knowledge from outside. We have published a long-term vision for the period following the Management Reform Plan (2023 onwards). 	Supplementary Material 1
Is the change in President a countermeasure against a hostile TOB?	 We announced a change in the President and Chief Operating Officer (inauguration of Shigetomo Sakamoto) on February 21, 2020. This decision was made by attaching paramount weight to the feasibility of the Management Reform Plan and was the consensus of the Nomination Advisory Committee and the Board of Directors. 	Supplementary Material 1
Is there the room for improvement in terms of governance?	 We have begun deliberations at the Nomination Advisory Committee and Remuneration Advisory Committee on Board compositions and remuneration systems that are suitable for promoting the Management Reform Plan. Independent outside directors meet regularly and have confirmed that a system to check the progress of the Management Reform Plan will be taken. 	Supplementary Material 1
Are the quantitative targets of the Management Reform Plan at a reasonable level?	• In addition to verifying the assumptions for organic growth in detail internally, we are also verifying the prospects for future growth fields based on industry data and market growth prospects from objective external research organizations and others.	Supplementary Materials 2–5
What is your thinking regarding levels of equity capital?	• We have disclosed our basic stance through a timely disclosure made on February 18 (abstract excerpted in this document).	Supplementary Material 6
Is it true that you refused to engage in dialogue with Office Support?	 That is not our understanding. We have responded to requests based on sufficient consideration of the aim of constructive dialogue with shareholders within the Corporate Governance Code (positively provide a response to the extent reasonable to contribute to the increase in corporate value over the mid- to long-term). 	Supplementary Material 7

Supplementary Material 1: Management Reform Plan Progress

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<Construction of execution framework>

- Voluntary retirement (fixed costs reduction, effective posting) [In implementation]
- □ Change in President and Chief Operating Officer (Nomination Advisory Committee/Board of Directors resolutions) [Implemented]
- Appointment of external human resources with M&A knowledge (overseas M&A) [Implemented]
- Selection of heads of each Company and senior management at R&D Center and the Production Division [Implemented]
- Appointment/invitation from outside of executives with financial knowledge (CFO candidates) [Considerations begun]

<Governance measures to ensure execution abilities>

[Consultation matters with Nomination Advisory Committee]

- CEO succession planning (formulation of development plans for executives and next-generation successors)
- Ensuring Board of Directors' skill sets and human resources (especially securing human resources for financial and M&A strategies)
- Considering appointment of an independent outside director as chair

[Consultation matters with Remuneration Advisory Committee]

- ☐ Reviewing performance-linked compensation for officers (linked with Management Reform Plan)
- Considering introduction of stock compensation for officers
- Considering appointment of an independent outside director as chair

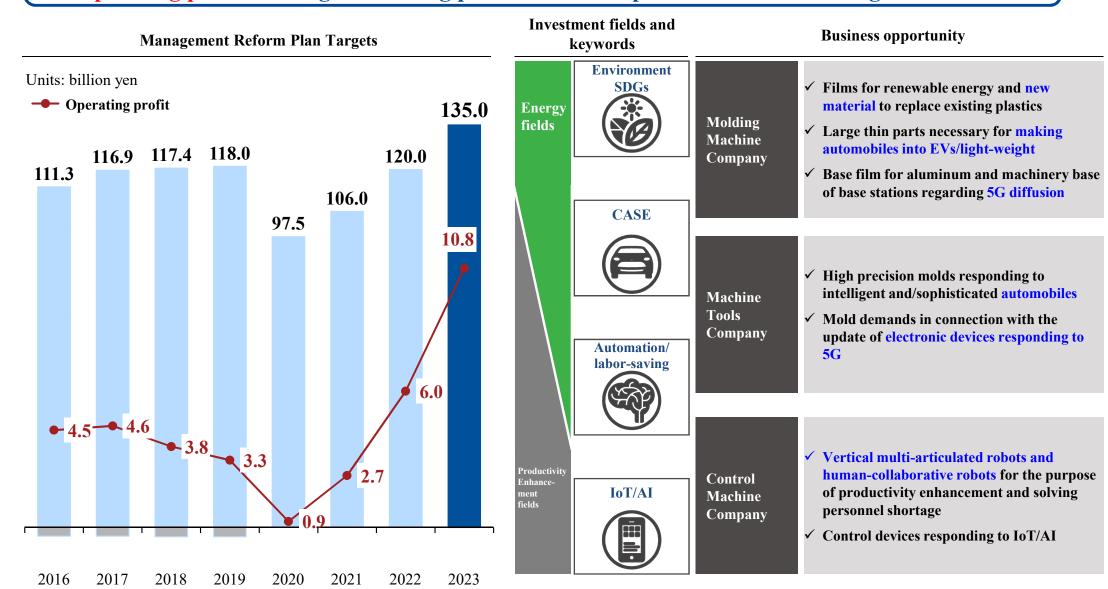
[Regular holding of meetings of only independent outside directors]

- ☐ Confirming Management Reform Plan progress
- Enhancing management of business risks (such as enhancing management of market risk in the machine tools industry)

Supplementary Material 2: Launch Products in Growth Fields (Business Opportunities)

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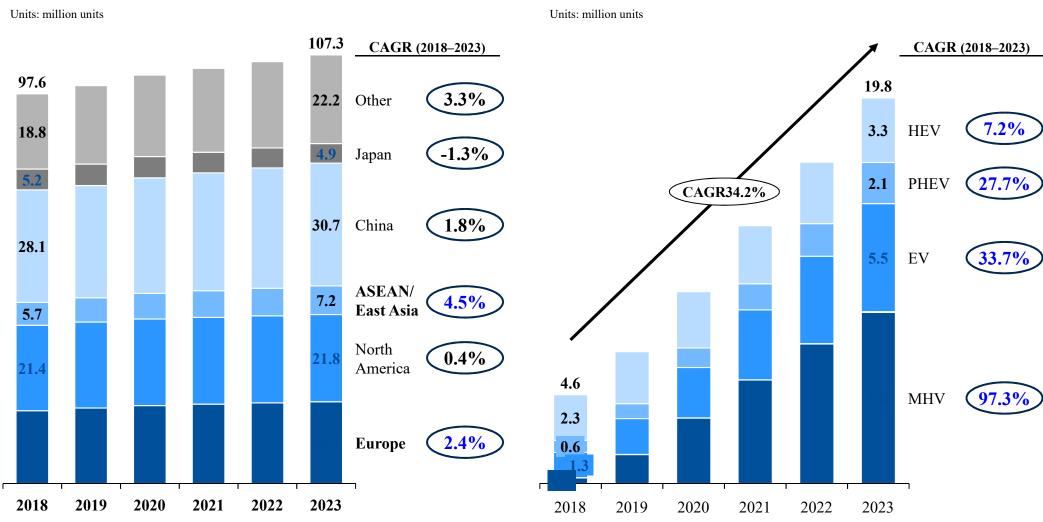
Aim for the Management Reform Plan targets of 135 billion yen sales and 10.8 billion yen operating profits through launching products that respond to the demand in growth fields



Capital investment of automobile-related companies will also be driven through market-wide growth focused on Asia and Europe and the rapid expansion of the electric vehicle* market.

Forecast of Automobile Sales by Region (including Electric Vehicles*)

Forecast of Electric Vehicle* Sales by Vehicle Type



^{*} General term for HEVs, PHEVs, EVs, MHVs, and FCVs. FCVs are omitted from graph due to small amount. Source: Fuji Keizai "2019 Thorough Analysis of the HEV and EV-related Market"

Supplementary Material 4: Outlook for Next-generation Communications (5G-related Market)

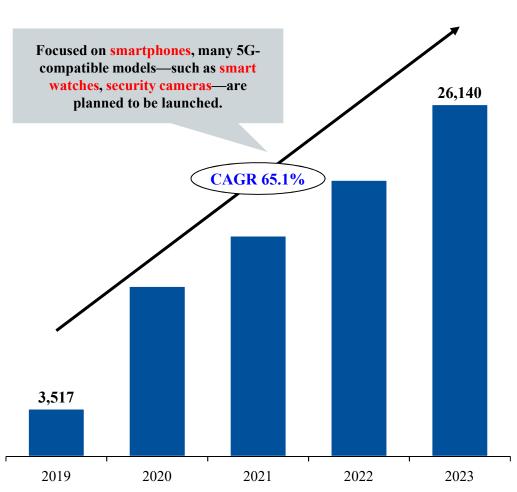
Due to the rapid growth of the 5G-compatible base station/device market, the demand for base film and molds required for updating base stations/devices is increasing.

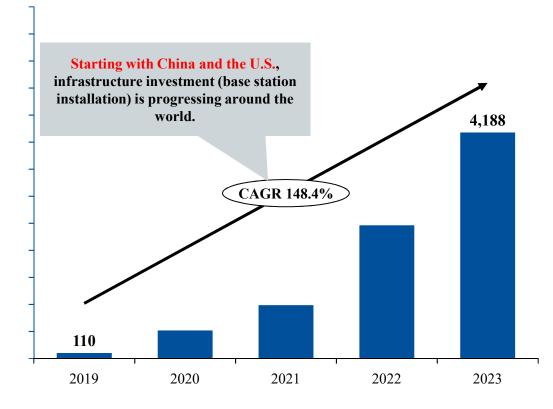
Forecast of 5G-compatible Edge Device Market Size

Units: billion yen

Forecast of 5G-compatible Base Station Market Size

Units: billion yen



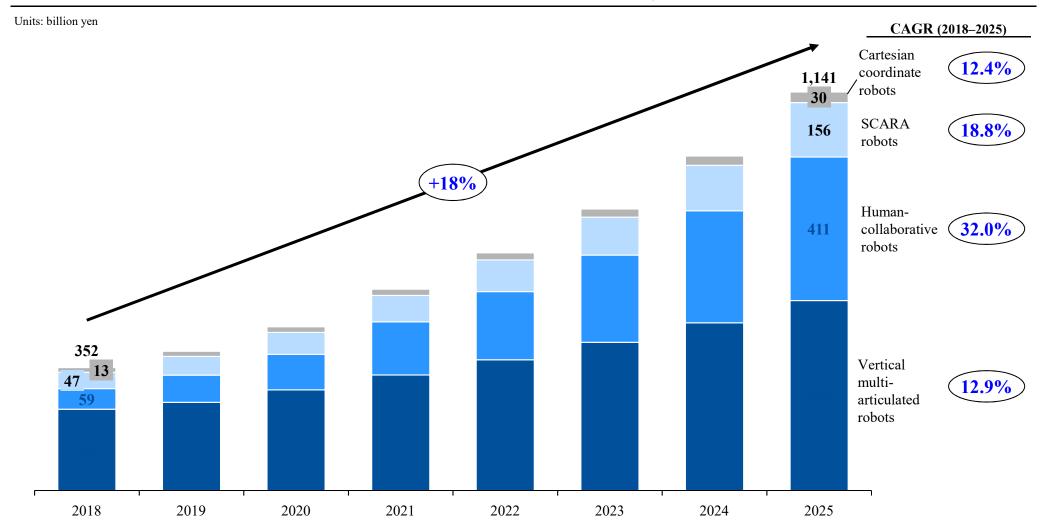


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Supplementary Material 5: Outlook for Industrial Robot Market

Because high growth is expected overall for industrial robots, aim for steady growth by promoting product development/acquisition of sales channels in response to market demand.

Forecast of Industrial Robot Sales by Model



Source: 2019 Worldwide Robot-related Market Current Status and Future Prospects - No. 1 FA Robot Market

Supplementary Material 6: Our Stance on Equity Capital Levels

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Summary of timely disclosure (February 18, 2020: Notice Regarding Answer to Question sent to the Company's Independent Committee on February 16 from Office Support)

Premises

- There is a great difference in borrowing ability from when the Company was a subsidiary of Toshiba.
- In the molding machine and machine tools industries, when the capital investment demand of the supply destination falls due to an economic slowdown, product unit prices and sales numbers both characteristically drop rapidly and drastically.
- During the time of the financial crisis, sales at many companies in the same industry halved year on year and the Company also posted a loss.
- Among industry peers with similar sales to the Company, there are some companies which have been forced to raise capital, in addition to losses of 20 to 30 billion yen due to operating losses and structural reform extraordinary losses.
- Depending on the future external environment, it is not possible to completely rule out the possibility of being forced to take a similar response, and costs for responding to emergencies such as the Nankai Trough Earthquake and BCP (business continuity plan) must also be considered.

Factors for Consideration (Four Points)

- 1. As a risk response buffer to prevent problems with business continuity and credit risk, at present, assuming our current business scale, we require <u>about 40 billion yen</u> of equity capital; this is also reasonable when considering that the Company has many transactions with the automotive industry, in which the financial condition of business partners is valued for stable procurement.
- 2. In the molding machine and machine tools industries, working capital is high due to the tendency to handle large machines with long delivery times. Accordingly, while 45 to 50 billion yen is normally required for the Company, when the economy worsens, from our experience, we understand that the procurement of interest-bearing borrowings becomes more difficult than usual and a certain percentage of working capital needs to be covered by equity capital (the expected amount for such is approximately 20 billion yen).
- 3. In regard to growth strategies, we believe that, in principle, we should respond with equity capital to those growth investments that involve risk, such as M&As. As we answered at the midterm management plan briefing Q&A, we view the amount to be on a large scale of about 15 to 20 billion yen and will secure such amount with equity capital. (However, upon comprehensively considering M&A target company size, cash flow stability and others, there is also the possibility of making active use of borrowings and we assume we will make a decision regarding this point based on the characteristics of the M&A and the level of risk.)
- 4. In addition to the above equity capital for responding to risks, we are also considering structural reform expenses of 3 billion yen and a special dividend of 3 billion yen, which are planned for next fiscal year.

Summary (Current Equity Capital Levels)

- Based on the above factors for consideration (1 to 4), we recognize 84 billion yen as an appropriate level of equity capital, which is expected as of the end of the current fiscal year.
- Furthermore, business risks are high in the molding machine and machine tools industries due to long capital investment cycles. Accordingly, when considering the capital structure, we consider excessive leverage through interest-bearing debt undesirable due to possible share price volatility as a result of increased financial risks arising from a mismatch between business risks and the capital structure.
- The average interest-bearing debt ratio for machine tool maker industry peers is just over 20%. While the Company is slightly below this level, we want to keep our interest-bearing debt ratio at around 20%, in line with peers. (Currently, cash and deposits held are around 35 billion yen, including profit from the sale of NuFlare Technology, Inc. shares. When excluding cash and deposits needed for working capital, there is limited spare capacity for financial leverage, and we recognize that we do not have much surplus borrowing facilities for interest-bearing debt.)
- The above is our basic stance on the Company's equity capital at the present moment. We will review this as necessary.

Supplementary Material 7: History of Dialogue with Office Support

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"Positively provide a response to the extent reasonable to contribute to the increase in corporate value over the mid- to long-term" in line with the Principles 5.1 "Policy for Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders" in Japan's Corporate Governance Code

Date	Means	Attendee from Office Support	Attendee from the Company
November 22, 2018	Interview	Mr. Hironao Fukushima Mr. Yukihiro Nomura	Ogawa (Managing Executive Officer)
December 10, 2018	Interview	Mr. Hironao Fukushima	Sakamoto (Representative Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer (at the time)) Ogawa (Managing Executive Officer)
February 12, 2019	Telephone conference	Ms. Aya Nomura	
April 15, 2019	Interview	Mr. Yoshiaki Murakami Mr. Hironao Fukushima	Mikami (President and Chief Operating Officer) Sakamoto (Representative Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer (at the time)) Ogawa (Managing Executive Officer)
July 12, 2019	Interview	Mr. Hironao Fukushima Ms. Aya Nomura	Sakamoto (Representative Director and Executive Operating Officer) Ogawa (Managing Executive Officer)
August 8, 2019	Telephone conference	Mr. Hironao Fukushima	
November 22, 2019	Interview	Mr. Yoshiaki Murakami, Ms. Aya Nomura Ms. Rei Murakami, Mr. Hironao Fukushima Mr. Fuminori Nakashima	Sakamoto (Representative Director and Executive Operating Officer) Ogawa (Managing Executive Officer)
November 26, 2019	Telephone conference	Ms. Aya Nomura	

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Supplementary Material 2:

"Management Reform Plan" Framework/ Quantitative Targets

(Materials Announced on February 4, 2020)

Framework of Management Reform Plan

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Quantitative targets

Target value for FY2023
Consolidated basis

Sales
135 billion yen

Operating profit ratio 8.0%

Payout ratio

Prospect of 40%

(during the period of the Management Reform Plan)

ROE 8.5%

Specific measures

[Management reform centered on reorganization]

- (i) Abolish the "division system" which produced specific optimization issues, and adopt a "company system"
- (ii) Establish an "R&D Center" and a "Production Division" which bear enhancement of production efficiency and QCD* as common functions
- (iii) Conduct personnel relocation and voluntary retirement toward optimal resource allocation and reduction of fixed costs

[Promotion of investments in growth fields]

(iv) Promotion of growth investments aimed for expansion of purposes to fields expected to grow in the future



*QCD: Quality, Cost, and Delivery

Investment plan/ Financial strategies

[Implementation of financial strategies aimed for enhancement of return on equity (ROE)]

(v) Allot cash-on-hand to investments toward change into a profitable company, and enhance profitability and capital efficiency

Outline of the Effects of the Management Reform Plan

Realize an 8.5% ROE and a 40% payout ratio in fiscal year 2023 through a total investment of 30 billion yen.

Investment summary		 Quantitative tar	get for FY2023	
	al investment ted amount from FY2019 to 2023	30 billion yen	Sales	135 billion yen
	Structural reform	3 billion yen	Operating profits (operating profit ratio)	10.8 billion yen (8.0%)
	Capital investment	25 billion yen	ROE	8.5%
	R&D/ Personnel investment	2 billion yen	Payout ratio (during the period of the Management Reform Plan)	Prospect of 40%

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Uses of Cash Flow Between FY2019 and FY2023

The Company will return a total of 15 billion yen to its shareholders by making a total of 30 billion yen capital/personnel investment and implementing appropriate M&A, with an aim to achieve 135 billion yen sales/8.5% ROE in the fiscal year 2023.

Resources to maximize shareholder value					
Operating cash flow 21.5 billion yen	Cash-in from sale of NFT shares 15 billion yen	Cash-on-hand			

Investment			Shareholder return	
Structural reform expenses	Capital investment	R&D/ personnel investment	M&A	Dividend (including special dividend)
3 billion yen	25 billion yen	2 billion yen		15 billion yen

In the next fiscal year, the Company plans to pay three billion yen of special dividends during a period up to the payment of interim dividends which eliminate the impact on the TOB, in addition to regular dividends at the same level as this fiscal year.

Contact for inquiries

Contact for inquiries concerning IR

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- E-mail: keieikikaku@toshiba-machine.co.jp

TOSHIBA MACHINE



"Shibaura" is where everything started.

Shibaura Machine

We support Japan and the world through our customers. This spirit of manufacturing at Shibaura remains unchanged today.

TOSHIBA MACHINE CO.,

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